

Installation binaire de Guix sur Debian

- Objet : installer le package manager Guix sur Debian
- Niveau requis : [débutant, avisé](#)
- Commentaires : <https://git.savannah.gnu.org/cgit/guix.git/plain/etc/guix-install.sh>
- Débutant, à savoir : [Utiliser GNU/Linux en ligne de commande, tout commence là !](#) 😊

Introduction

Il s'agit de récupérer un script shell d'installation, de le rendre exécutable et de le lancer. Cela installera Guix aux côtés des autres gestionnaires de paquetage sans les altérer de quelque façon que ce soit.

Sources :

https://www.gnu.org/software/guix/manual/fr/html_node/Installation-binaire.html#Installation-binaire

<https://git.savannah.gnu.org/cgit/guix.git/plain/etc/guix-install.sh>

J'ai copié-collé le script dans un nouveau fichier à l'aide de vim, vous pouvez le copier-coller d'ici si vous avez la flemme de le télécharger :

```
$ su
```

```
# vim guix-install.sh
```

[guix-install.sh](#)

```
#!/bin/sh
# GNU Guix --- Functional package management for GNU
# Copyright © 2017 sharlatan <sharlatan@gmail.com>
# Copyright © 2018 Ricardo Wurmus <rekado@elephly.net>
# Copyright © 2018 Efraim Flashner <efraim@flashner.co.il>
#
# This file is part of GNU Guix.
#
# GNU Guix is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it
# under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
# the Free Software Foundation; either version 3 of the License, or (at
# your option) any later version.
#
# GNU Guix is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but
# WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
# MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
# GNU General Public License for more details.
#
# You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
```

```
# along with GNU Guix.  If not, see <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.

# We require Bash but for portability we'd rather not use /bin/bash or
# /usr/bin/env in the shebang, hence this hack.
if [ "x$BASH_VERSION" = "x" ]
then
    exec bash "$0" "$@"
fi

set -e

[ "$UID" -eq 0 ] || { echo "This script must be run as root."; exit 1;
}

REQUIRE=(
    "dirname"
    "readlink"
    "wget"
    "gpg"
    "grep"
    "which"
    "sed"
    "sort"
    "getent"
    "mktemp"
    "rm"
    "chmod"
    "uname"
    "groupadd"
    "tail"
    "tr"
)

PAS=$' [ \033[32;1mPASS\033[0m ] '
ERR=$' [ \033[31;1mFAIL\033[0m ] '
INF="[ INFO ] "

DEBUG=0
GNU_URL="https://ftp.gnu.org/gnu/guix/"
OPENPGP_SIGNING_KEY_ID="3CE464558A84FDC69DB40CFB090B11993D9AEBB5"

# This script needs to know where root's home directory is.  However,
we
# cannot simply use the HOME environment variable, since there is no
guarantee
# that it points to root's home directory.
ROOT_HOME="$(echo ~root)"

# -----
-----
```

```
#+UTILITIES
```

```
_err()
{ # All errors go to stderr.
    printf "[%s]: %s\n" "$(date +%s.%3N)" "$1"
}
```

```
_msg()
{ # Default message to stdout.
    printf "[%s]: %s\n" "$(date +%s.%3N)" "$1"
}
```

```
_debug()
{
    if [ "${DEBUG}" = '1' ]; then
        printf "[%s]: %s\n" "$(date +%s.%3N)" "$1"
    fi
}
```

```
chk_require()
{ # Check that every required command is available.
    declare -a cmds
    declare -a warn

    cmds=({1})

    _debug "--- [ $FUNCNAME ] ---"

    for c in ${cmds[@]}; do
        command -v "$c" &>/dev/null || warn+=("$c")
    done

    [ "${#warn}" -ne 0 ] &&
    { _err "${ERR}Missing commands: ${warn[*]}.";
      return 1; }

    _msg "${PAS}verification of required commands completed"

    gpg --list-keys ${OPENPGP_SIGNING_KEY_ID} >/dev/null 2>&1 || (
        _err "${ERR}Missing OpenPGP public key. Fetch it with this
command:"
        echo "    gpg --keyserver pool.sks-keyservers.net --recv-keys
${OPENPGP_SIGNING_KEY_ID}"
        exit 1
    )
}
```

```
chk_term()
{ # Check for ANSI terminal for color printing.
    local ansi_term
```

```
if [ -t 2 ]; then
    if [ "${TERM+set}" = 'set' ]; then
        case "$TERM" in
            xterm*|rxvt*|urxvt*|linux*|vt*|eterm*|screen*)
                ansi_term=true
                ;;
            *)
                ansi_term=false
                ERR="[ FAIL ] "
                PAS="[ PASS ] "
                ;;
        esac
    fi
fi
}

chk_init_sys()
{ # Return init system type name.
    if [[ $(/sbin/init --version 2>/dev/null) =~ upstart ]]; then
        _msg "${INF}init system is: upstart"
        INIT_SYS="upstart"
        return 0
    elif [[ $(systemctl) =~ -\.mount ]]; then
        _msg "${INF}init system is: systemd"
        INIT_SYS="systemd"
        return 0
    elif [[ -f /etc/init.d/cron && ! -h /etc/init.d/cron ]]; then
        _msg "${INF}init system is: sysv-init"
        INIT_SYS="sysv-init"
        return 0
    else
        INIT_SYS="NA"
        _err "${ERR}Init system could not be detected."
    fi
}

chk_sys_arch()
{ # Check for operating system and architecture type.
    local os
    local arch

    os="$(uname -s)"
    arch="$(uname -m)"

    case "$arch" in
        i386 | i486 | i686 | i786 | x86)
            local arch=i686
            ;;
        x86_64 | x86-64 | x64 | amd64)
```

```

        local arch=x86_64
        ;;
    aarch64)
        local arch=aarch64
        ;;
    armv7l)
        local arch=armhf
        ;;
    *)
        _err "${ERR}Unsupported CPU type: ${arch}"
        exit 1
    esac

    case "$os" in
        Linux | linux)
            local os=linux
            ;;
        *)
            _err "${ERR}Your operation system (${os}) is not
supported."
            exit 1
        esac

    ARCH_OS="${arch}-${os}"
}

# -----
# +MAIN

guix_get_bin_list()
{ # Scan GNU archive and save list of binaries
    local gnu_url="$1"
    local -a bin_ver_ls
    local latest_ver
    local default_ver

    _debug "--- [ $FUNCNAME ] ---"

    # Filter only version and architecture
    bin_ver_ls=( "$(wget -qO- "$gnu_url" \
        | sed -n -e 's/.*guix-binary-([0-9.]*)\.*.tar.xz.*\/1/p' \
        | sort -Vu)" )

    latest_ver="$(echo "$bin_ver_ls" \
        | grep -oP "([0-9]{1,2}\.){2}[0-9]{1,2}" \
        | tail -n1)"

    default_ver="guix-binary-${latest_ver}.${ARCH_OS}"

    if [[ "${#bin_ver_ls}" -ne "0" ]]; then

```

```
_msg "${PAS}Release for your system: ${default_ver}"
else
    _err "${ERR}Could not obtain list of Guix releases."
    exit 1
fi

# Use default to download according to the list and local ARCH_OS.
BIN_VER="${default_ver}"
}

guix_get_bin()
{ # Download and verify binary package.
    local url="$1"
    local bin_ver="$2"
    local dl_path="$3"

    _debug "---- [ $FUNCNAME ] ----"

    _msg "${INF}Downloading Guix release archive"

    wget --help | grep -q '--show-progress' && \
        _PROGRESS_OPT="-q --show-progress" || _PROGRESS_OPT=""
    wget $_PROGRESS_OPT -P "$dl_path" "${url}/${bin_ver}.tar.xz"
    "${url}/${bin_ver}.tar.xz.sig"

    if [[ "$?" -eq 0 ]]; then
        _msg "${PAS}download completed."
    else
        _err "${ERR}could not download ${url}/${bin_ver}.tar.xz."
        exit 1
    fi

    pushd $dl_path >/dev/null
    gpg --verify "${bin_ver}.tar.xz.sig" >/dev/null 2>&1
    if [[ "$?" -eq 0 ]]; then
        _msg "${PAS}Signature is valid."
        popd >/dev/null
    else
        _err "${ERR}could not verify the signature."
        exit 1
    fi
}

sys_create_store()
{ # Unpack and install /gnu/store and /var/guix
    local pkg="$1"
    local tmp_path="$2"

    _debug "---- [ $FUNCNAME ] ----"
```

```
cd "$tmp_path"
tar --warning=no-timestamp \
    --extract \
    --file "$pkg" &&
_msg "${PAS}unpacked archive"

if [[ -e "/var/guix" || -e "/gnu" ]]; then
    _err "${ERR}A previous Guix installation was found. Refusing
to overwrite."
    exit 1
else
    _msg "${INF}Installing /var/guix and /gnu..."
    mv "${tmp_path}/var/guix" /var/
    mv "${tmp_path}/gnu" /
fi

_msg "${INF}Linking the root user's profile"
mkdir -p "${ROOT_HOME}/.config/guix"
ln -sf /var/guix/profiles/per-user/root/current-guix \
    "${ROOT_HOME}/.config/guix/current"

GUIX_PROFILE="${ROOT_HOME}/.config/guix/current"
source "${GUIX_PROFILE}/etc/profile"
_msg "${PAS}activated root profile at
${ROOT_HOME}/.config/guix/current"
}

sys_create_build_user()
{ # Create the group and user accounts for build users.

    _debug "--- [ $FUNCNAME ] ---"

    if [ $(getent group guixbuild) ]; then
        _msg "${INF}group guixbuild exists"
    else
        groupadd --system guixbuild
        _msg "${PAS}group <guixbuild> created"
    fi

    for i in $(seq -w 1 10); do
        if id "guixbuilder${i}" &>/dev/null; then
            _msg "${INF}user is already in the system, reset"
            usermod -g guixbuild -G guixbuild \
                -d /var/empty -s "$(which nologin)" \
                -c "Guix build user ${i}" \
                "guixbuilder${i}";
        else
            useradd -g guixbuild -G guixbuild \
                -d /var/empty -s "$(which nologin)" \
                -c "Guix build user ${i}" --system \
                "guixbuilder${i}";
        fi
    done
}
```

```
        _msg "${PAS}user added <guixbuilder${i}>"
    fi
done
}

sys_enable_guix_daemon()
{ # Run the daemon, and set it to automatically start on boot.

    local info_path
    local local_bin
    local var_guix

    _debug "--- [ $FUNCNAME ] ---"

    info_path="/usr/local/share/info"
    local_bin="/usr/local/bin"
    var_guix="/var/guix/profiles/per-user/root/current-guix"

    case "$INIT_SYS" in
        upstart)
            { initctl reload-configuration;
              cp
"${ROOT_HOME}/.config/guix/current/lib/upstart/system/guix-daemon.conf"
\
                /etc/init/ &&
                start guix-daemon; } &&
            _msg "${PAS}enabled Guix daemon via upstart"
            ;;
        systemd)
            { cp
"${ROOT_HOME}/.config/guix/current/lib/systemd/system/guix-
daemon.service" \
                /etc/systemd/system/;
              chmod 664 /etc/systemd/system/guix-daemon.service;
              systemctl daemon-reload &&
              systemctl start guix-daemon &&
              systemctl enable guix-daemon; } &&
            _msg "${PAS}enabled Guix daemon via systemd"
            ;;
        NA|*)
            _msg "${ERR}unsupported init system; run the daemon
manually:"
            echo "  ${ROOT_HOME}/.config/guix/current/bin/guix-daemon -
-build-users-group=guixbuild"
            ;;
    esac

    _msg "${INF}making the guix command available to other users"

    [ -e "$local_bin" ] || mkdir -p "$local_bin"
```


[illegible]

| | _ | | \ | | _ | | | _ | | | _ | | | > <
 \ _ | _ | \ \ _ / \ _ | \ \ , _ / \ / \ \

This script installs GNU Guix on your system

<https://www.gnu.org/software/guix/>

EOF

```
echo -n "Press return to continue..."
```

read -r ANSWER

}

```
main()
```

{

local tmp path

welcome

```
msg "Starting installation ($(date))"
```

chk term

```
chk require "${REQUIRE[*]}"
```

```
chk init sys
```

chk sys arch

```
msg "${INF}system is ${ARCH_OS}"
```

```
tmp_path="$(mktemp -t -d guix.XXX)"
```

```
guix get bin list "${GNU_URL}"
```

```
guix get bin "${GNU_URL}" "${BIN_VER}" "$tmp_path"
```

```
sys create store "${BIN_VER}.tar.xz" "${tmp_path}"
```

```
sys create build user
```

```
sys enable guix daemon
```

```
sys authorize build farms
```

```
_msg "${INF}cleaning up ${tmp_path}"
```

```
rm -r "${tmp_path}"
```

```
msg "${PAS}Guix has successfully been installed!"
```

```
msg "${INF}Run 'info guix' to read the manual."
```

}

```
main "$@"
```

Ensuite j'ai rendu le fichier exécutable :

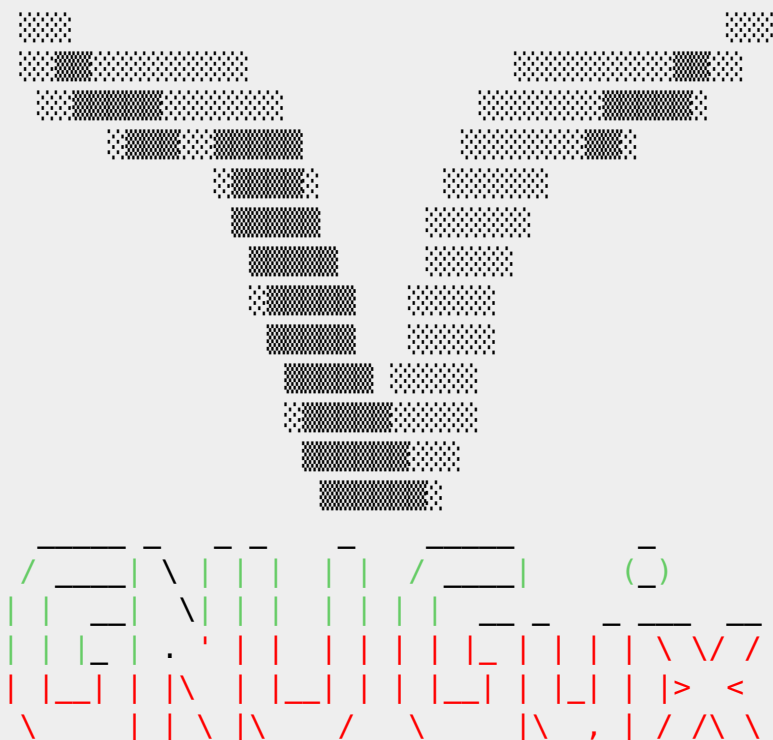
```
# chmod +x guix-install.sh
```

Installation

j'ai lancé :

```
# ./guix-install.sh
```

[nom.sh](#)



This script installs GNU Guix on your system

<https://www.gnu.org/software/guix/>

Press return to continue...

[1560068216.600]: Starting installation (dimanche 9 juin 2019, 10:16:56 (UTC+0200))

[1560068216.603]: [PASS] verification of required commands completed

[1560068216.754]: [INFO] init system is: systemd

[1560068216.759]: [INFO] system is x86_64-linux

[1560068218.725]: [PASS] Release for your system: guix-binary-1.0.1.x86_64-linux

[1560068218.728]: [INFO] Downloading Guix release archive

guix-binary-1.0.1.x 100%[=====>] 59,66M 52,7KB/s ds
16m 52s

guix-binary-1.0.1.x 100%[=====>] 833 ---KB/s ds
0s

[1560069232.509]: [PASS] download completed.

[1560069233.457]: [PASS] Signature is valid.

[1560069244.913]: [PASS] unpacked archive

[1560069244.915]: [INFO] Installing /var/guix and /gnu...

[1560069244.921]: [INFO] Linking the root user's profile

```
[1560069244.954]: [ PASS ] activated root profile at
/root/.config/guix/current
[1560069245.261]: [ PASS ] group <guixbuild> created
[1560069245.965]: [ PASS ] user added <guixbuilder01>
[1560069246.461]: [ PASS ] user added <guixbuilder02>
[1560069246.877]: [ PASS ] user added <guixbuilder03>
[1560069247.382]: [ PASS ] user added <guixbuilder04>
[1560069247.787]: [ PASS ] user added <guixbuilder05>
[1560069248.226]: [ PASS ] user added <guixbuilder06>
[1560069248.643]: [ PASS ] user added <guixbuilder07>
[1560069249.114]: [ PASS ] user added <guixbuilder08>
[1560069249.531]: [ PASS ] user added <guixbuilder09>
[1560069249.958]: [ PASS ] user added <guixbuilder10>
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/guix-
daemon.service → /etc/systemd/system/guix-daemon.service.
[1560069250.602]: [ PASS ] enabled Guix daemon via systemd
[1560069250.604]: [ INFO ] making the guix command available to other
users
Permit downloading pre-built package binaries from the project's build
farms? (yes/no) y
[1560069259.347]: [ PASS ] Authorized public key for hydra.gnu.org
[1560069259.592]: [ PASS ] Authorized public key for ci.guix.gnu.org
[1560069259.595]: [ INFO ] cleaning up /tmp/guix.z0V
[1560069259.615]: [ PASS ] Guix has successfully been installed!
[1560069259.617]: [ INFO ] Run 'info guix' to read the manual.

root@debian:~#
```

Voilà, il ne reste plus qu'à commencer à explorer ce nouveau package manager installable sur toute distribution GNU/Linux.

Utilisation

```
# apt install info
```

```
# info guix
```

Pour vérifier que Guix a bien été installé, j'ai lancé :

```
# guix install hello
.....
.....
Guix a installé les paquets nécessaires aux dépendances : guile-2.2.4,
texinfo-6.5, pkg-config-0.29.2, perl-5.28.0, module-import-compiled,
mkfontdir-1.0.7, module-import, mkfontscale-1.2.1, libunistring-0.9.10,
freetype-2.9.1, libpng-1.6.37, libpng-1.6.34, libltdl-2.4.6, libgc-7.6.6,
```

```
libfontenc-1.1.4, coreutils-8.30, libffi-3.2.1, libcap-2.25, libatomic-
ops-7.6.6,
gzip-1.9, guile-gdbm-ffi-20120209.fald5b6, guile-2.0.14, gmp-6.1.2,
gdbm-1.18,
acl-2.2.52, config.scm et attr-2.4.47.
.....
.....
1 paquet dans le profile
Il pourrait être nécessaire de définir les variables d'environnement
suivantes :
```

```
export PATH="/root/.guix-profile/bin${PATH:+:}$PATH"
```

```
root@debian:~# export PATH="/root/.guix-profile/bin${PATH:+:}$PATH"
```

Test d'installation d'un logiciel depuis le compte user :

```
$ guix install quassel
```

```
.....
.....
Installation d'un nombre considérable de dépendances, 406,0 Mo seront
téléchargés
.....
.....
1 paquet dans le profile
Il pourrait être nécessaire de définir les variables d'environnement
suivantes :
```

```
export PATH="/home/hubert/.guix-profile/bin${PATH:+:}$PATH"
```

```
hubert@debian:~$ export PATH="/home/hubert/.guix-profile/bin${PATH:+:}$PATH"
```

```
hubert@debian:~$ quassel
```

quassel se lance sans problème 😊

Tout a l'air de bien se passer pour l'instant, je prévois des mises à jour de cette page au fil des avancées...

Hum hum...

```
hubert@debian:~$ quassel
```

```
Command 'quassel' not found, but can be installed with:
```

```
apt install quassel
Please ask your administrator.
```

Bon alors là ?...

Un petit tour sur l'irc #guix m'apprend qu'il faut que je rajoute dans **le ~/.bashrc du compte user** la ligne suivante :

[nom.sh](#)

```
export PATH=$PATH:$HOME/.guix-profile/bin
```

Et ça y est, maintenant quassel se lance sans problème. Il m'a suffi, avec gedit, de copier-coller la ligne tout-en-haut du fichier et de l'enregistrer. Le problème qu'il y avait, c'était que la modification apportée initialement ne concernait que le ~/.bashrc du compte root.

From:

<http://debian-facile.org/> - Documentation - Wiki

Permanent link:

<http://debian-facile.org/utilisateurs:gonzolero:tutos:installation-binaire-de-guix-sur-debian>

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